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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
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10/802,162

03/16/2004

Hwal Rim Lee

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4151

35884

7590

07/26/2007

LEE, HONG, DEGERMAN, KANG & SCHMADEKA

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EXAMINER

NATNAEL, PAULOS M

ART UNIT

PAPER NUMBER

2622

MAIL DATE

DELIVERY MODE

07/26/2007

PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summary

Application No.

10/802,162

Applicant(s)

LEE, HWAL RIM

Examiner

Paulos M. Natnael

Art Unit

2622

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 18 May 2007.
- 2a) ☒ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-14 and 17-19 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1,2,4-14,17 and 18 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☒ Claim(s) 3,19 is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____ | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ |

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

1. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

2. Claims **1-14,17-19** are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. The specification discloses displaying signal strength of every channel of a digital broadcast (page 3, lines 1-4), sum of the signal strength of the entire channels in an OSD (page 3, line 19), etc. The specification however does not disclose anywhere the now claimed limitation "a combined signal strength value of the entire" scanned or tuned channels. Therefore, this newly added limitation to independent claims 1,7,9,11,14,17 is a new matter, which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. If applicant contends this is not new matter, specific places, page #, line # should be pointed out.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

4. Claims **1,2,4,5,7-10** are again rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Klopfenstein et al., U.S. Patent No. 6,985,190.

Considering claims **1**, Klopfenstein et al. (hereinafter "Klopfenstein") discloses a real-time signal strength display of terrestrial digital television signals. The HDTV coupled to a terrestrial antenna displays the real-time signal strength of terrestrial digital television signals, comprising a tuner 30, microprocessor 32, DBS/set-top receiver 14, TV 12, display 36, as well as a memory device 34. The display 36 includes OSD 54 displaying channels 9, 13, 15, 17, and 54 corresponding to signal strengths 85, 94, 85 and 93. Klopfenstein discloses displaying the signal strength of each channel (fig.7), but does not specifically disclose displaying the combined sum of the signal strengths of the entire channels as a single number. However, displaying the combined sum of the signal strengths of the entire channels would be obvious to the skilled in the art since signal strength values of individual channels are given and thus the combined sum of the signal strength is already available as individual numbers for channel 9,15,15,17, and 54, even though it is not displayed. Therefore, it would have been obvious to the skilled in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the system of

Klopfenstein by providing a feature that adds the total number from the individual values of the channels that have already been summarized and displayed on the OSD. Doing so would help the user/viewer compare the total values of a group of selected channels.

As to claim **2**, see rejection of claim 1;

As to claims **4** and **5**, see rejection of claim 1;

Regarding claim **7**, see rejection of claim 1.

Considering claim **8**, Klopfenstein discloses outputting the channels strength **as a numeral**, meeting the claim alternatively.

Considering claim **9**, see rejection of claim 1;

Considering claim **10**, Klopfenstein discloses memory 34 and microprocessor 32 that converts the video signal to suitable form to be displayed on the screen 36. (see col. 3, lines 51-61)

5. Claims **6, 11-14** rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Klopfenstein et al., U.S. Patent No. 6,985,190 in view of Iwamura, U.S. Patent No. 5,940,028.

Art Unit: 2622

Considering claim **11-13**, Klopfenstein discloses a tuner 30, microprocessor 32, DBS/set-top receiver 14, and TV 12 and display 36. Klopfenstein does not disclose a demultiplexer or a decoder. However, demultiplexing and/or decoding the video, audio and other data from the receiving signal is notoriously well known in the art of television without which the received signals may not be processed properly. In that regard, Iwamura discloses a system and method of aligning an antenna and displaying channel numbers as well as signal strength of each channel (as illustrated in fig.7). Iwamura discloses a tuner 2, equalizer 5, error correction 6, CPU 13, Demux 7 that separates and outputs the video and audio signals to video decoder 8, and audio decoder 9. Therefore, it would have been obvious to the skilled in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the system of Klopfenstein by providing the demultiplexing and decoding process in order to properly and efficiently separate, as is well known in the art, the video, audio and other received data.

Considering claims **6 and 14**, Klopfenstein does not disclose a PSI/PSIP decoder for decoding additional data. However, such decoders (PSI/PSIP) are well known in the art of television broadcasting that particularly use the standard MPEG II standard.

Therefore, the examiner takes official notice in that the PSI/PSIP decoders are well known in the art of television and would have been obvious to the skilled in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the system of Klopfenstein by providing a PSIP or PSI decoder in order to be able to decode standard MPEG standard data and make the system more useful.

6. Claim **17** and **18** are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Iwamura, U.S. Patent No. 5,940,028 in view of Klopfenstein et al., U.S. Patent No. 6,985,190.

Considering claim **17**, Iwamura discloses a tuner 2, demodulation unit (equalizer 5, error correction 6), signal strength searching unit and signal strength storing unit (CPU 13) as well as memory 98 within the Decoder, demultiplexing unit (Demux 7) that separates and outputs the video and audio signals to video decoder 8 and audio decoder 9, and a video display processor, the microcomputer, CPU, 13 which allows the OSD 10 (fig.7) to be displayed on the screen. Iwamura is directed towards a system for aligning an antenna based upon selected channel signal strength value which value is derived from the equalizer tap weight and displayed on the CRT 10 as illustrated on Figs. 6 and 7. Iwamura does not specifically disclose displaying signal strengths of each channel and the sum of signal strength of the entire channels.

Klopfenstein discloses a real-time signal strength display of terrestrial digital television signals and displays individual channel number and their signal strength on the screen. Displaying the combined sum of the signal strengths of the entire channels would also be obvious to the skilled in the art since signal strength values of individual channels have been given and thus the combined sum of the signal strength already available as individual numbers for channel 9,15,15,17, and 54. Therefore, it would have been obvious to the skilled in the art at the time the invention was made to modify

the system of Iwamura providing the signal strength value and/or as shown in fig. 7 a feature that adds the total number of the individual values of the channels on the screen. Doing so would help the user compare the total values of a group of selected channels.

Considering claim 18, Iwamura discloses video and audio decoders. Iwamura does not specifically disclose a PSI/PSIP decoder for decoding additional data. However, such decoders (PSI/PSIP) are well known in the art of television broadcasting that particularly use the standard MPEG II standard. Therefore, the examiner takes official notice in that PSI/PSIP decoders are well known in the art of television signal reception and would have been obvious to the skilled in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the system Iwamura by providing a PSIP or PSI decoder in order to be able to decode MPEG standard data and make the system of Iwamura more useful.

Response to Arguments

7. Applicant's arguments filed 5/18/07 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. The applicant argues:

"Even if such a sum was provided to the Antenna Info List display, that sum is not the "combined signal strength of the entire scanned channels in an OSD (On Screen Display) form" as recited in claims 1, 7 and 9.

Klopfenstein stores and displays the signal strengths on only those channels that are "above a certain threshold criteria" (see, col. 4: 34)

whereas the application displays the "entire scanned channels."

Therefore, even if Klopfenstein's channels were summed, which they are not, the sum would be that of only some of the channels. This is not the same as the application's combined signal strength of all the channels."

The examiner disagrees. The reference discloses channels that will be displayed during channel scanning or surfing (col. 4, lines 32+). Contrary to the argument that the sum would be that of only some of the channels, the examiner submits, the sum would be that of channels available during channel scanning or surfing, i.e. entire available scanned channels. In other words, there would be channels that may not be scanned or are not available. Those channels would not be included. The entire scanned channel would naturally include therefore those channels that are available and are scanned during surfing.

Allowable Subject Matter

8. Claims 3 and 19 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter: the prior art fails to disclose a method of displaying signal strengths, wherein the number of the channels, signal strength of each channel, and sum of the signal strengths of the entire channels for the searched channels are outputted as a voice, as in claims 3 and 19.

Conclusion

9. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

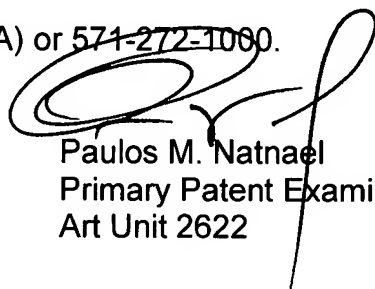
A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Paulos M. Natnael whose telephone number is (571) 272-7354. The examiner can normally be reached on 8AM-4:30PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, David Ometz can be reached on (571)272-7593. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Art Unit: 2622

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or ~~571-272-1000~~.



Paulos M. Natnael
Primary Patent Examiner
Art Unit 2622

July 22, 2007